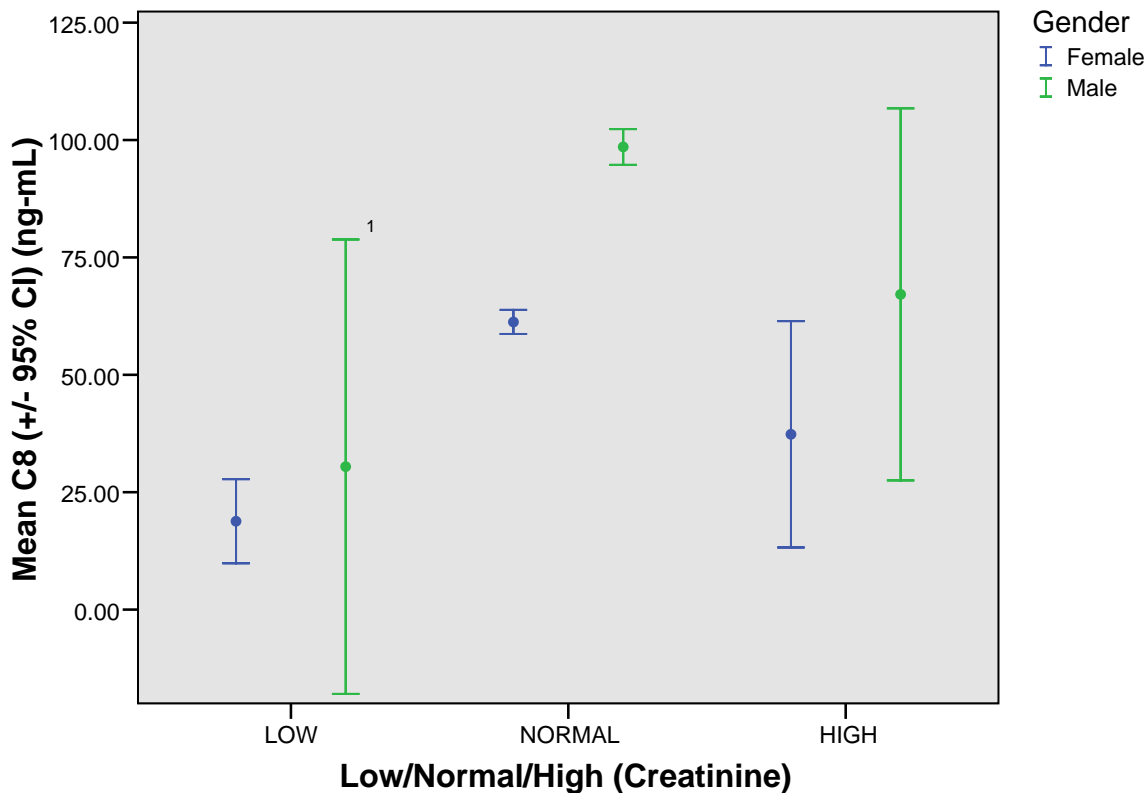


## Serum C8 By Creatinine (Serum) Levels In Participants $\geq 18$ And $< 60$ Years Of Age

C8 (ng-mL)

Creatinine (Serum)	Gender	N	Mean
LOW	Female	51	18.8059
	Male	3	30.4333
	Total	54	19.4519
NORMAL	Female	23672	61.2514
	Male	21033	98.5327
	Total	44705	78.7917
HIGH	Female	42	37.3250
	Male	105	67.1262
	Total	147	58.6116
Total	Female	23765	61.1181
	Male	21141	98.3670
	Total	44906	78.6543

## Serum C8 By Creatinine (Serum) Levels In Participants $\geq 18$ And $< 60$ Years Of Age



Low  $< 0.5$ , Normal 0.5 to 1.6, High  $> 1.6$  (Units: mg/dL)  
 Source: <http://www.labcorp.com/datasets/labcorp/html/chapter/mono/pr003900.htm>

<sup>1</sup> Note, very small sample size.

The WVU website is a communication vehicle to depict associations or their absence for public use. These tables and graphs show many comparisons between lab tests and corresponding population serum PFOA (C8) levels. When it appears that there is a clear relationship between serum C8 and a clinical laboratory value, the meaning of that relationship still requires thought and discussion. Some of the relationships, while real, are weak and not likely to be important. Several are strong, interesting and potentially important, and none of them can be taken to show an etiologic (cause and effect) relationship or its absence without more work. When it comes to causes, scientists interpret these preliminary data with deference to additional work that needs to be done.

These data concerning associations are for public use. They will receive additional collaborative work in peer review format. We hope they prompt public curiosity and suggestions of interested scientists.